Integrated Exercise 8.3 p3

Translate the following SQL query to the relational algebra, remove redundant joins and use the algebraic laws to produce a better query plan.

```
SELECT F.budget, E.eid
FROM Emp E, Dept D, Finance F
WHERE E.did = D.did AND D.did = F.did
  AND E.hobby = 'yodeling'
  AND D.floor NOT IN
  ( SELECT D2.floor FROM Dept D2, Finance F2
    WHERE NOT D2.dname = 'CID'
      OR (F2.did = D2.did AND F2.expenses >= ALL
              (SELECT MAX(F3.expenses)
               FROM Finance F3
               WHERE F3.budget = F.budget)
          )
```

Step 1. Normalize to Exists and Not Exists

```
SELECT F.budget, E.eid
FROM Emp E, Dept D, Finance F
WHERE E.did = D.did AND D.did = F.did AND E.hobby = 'yodeling'
  AND NOT EXISTS
  ( SELECT D2.floor FROM Dept D2, Finance F2
    WHERE D.floor = D2.floor AND
      ( NOT D2.dname = 'CID'
        OR (F2.did = D2.did AND NOT EXISTS
                (SELECT MAX(F3.expenses)
                 FROM Finance F3
                 WHERE F3.budget = F.budget
                 HAVING MAX(F3.EXPENSES) > F2.EXPENSES)
```

Step 2. Normalize to the conjunctive normal form

```
SELECT F.budget, E.eid
FROM Emp E, Dept D, Finance F
WHERE E.did = D.did AND D.did = F.did AND E.hobby = 'yodeling'
  AND NOT EXISTS
  ( SELECT D2.floor FROM Dept D2, Finance F2
    WHERE (D.floor = D2.floor AND NOT D2.dname = 'CID')
       OR (D.floor = D2.floor AND F2.did = D2.did
           AND NOT EXISTS
                (SELECT MAX(F3.expenses)
                 FROM Finance F3
                 WHERE F3.budget = F.budget
                 HAVING MAX(F3.EXPENSES) > F2.EXPENSES)
```

Step 3. Normalize to UNION

```
SELECT F.budget, E.eid
FROM Emp E, Dept D, Finance F
WHERE E.did = D.did AND D.did = F.did AND E.hobby = 'yodeling'
  AND NOT EXISTS
  ((SELECT D2.floor FROM Dept D2, Finance F2
    WHERE D.floor = D2.floor AND NOT D2.dname = 'CID')
   UNTON
    (SELECT D2.floor FROM Dept D2, Finance F2
     WHERE D.floor = D2.floor AND F2.did = D2.did
           AND NOT EXISTS
                (SELECT MAX(F3.expenses)
                 FROM Finance F3
                 WHERE F3.budget = F.budget
                 HAVING MAX(F3.EXPENSES) > F2.EXPENSES)
```

Step 4. Translation of the innermost subquery

SELECT MAX(F3.expenses)
FROM Finance F3
WHERE F3.budget = F.budget
HAVING MAX(F3.EXPENSES) > F2.EXPENSES)

 $e_1 := \boldsymbol{\pi}_{\texttt{MAX}(\texttt{F3.expenses}),\texttt{F.*,F2.*}} \boldsymbol{\sigma}_{\texttt{MAX}(\texttt{F3.expenses}) > \texttt{F2.expenses}} \boldsymbol{\gamma}_{\texttt{MAX}(\texttt{F3.expenses}),\texttt{F.*,F2.*}} \\ \boldsymbol{\sigma}_{\texttt{F3.budget}=\texttt{F.budget}} \left(\boldsymbol{\rho}_{\texttt{F}}(\texttt{Finance}) \times \boldsymbol{\rho}_{\texttt{F2}}(\texttt{Finance}) \times \boldsymbol{\rho}_{\texttt{F3}}(\texttt{Finance}) \right)$

Step 5. Translation

```
(SELECT D2.floor FROM Dept D2, Finance F2
WHERE D.floor = D2.floor AND F2.did = D2.did
AND NOT EXISTS
    (SELECT MAX(F3.expenses)
    FROM Finance F3
    WHERE F3.budget = F.budget
    HAVING MAX(F3.EXPENSES) > F2.EXPENSES)
```

)

Translating the From clause yields: (note that F is a context relation!)

 $e_2 := \boldsymbol{\rho}_{\texttt{D2}}(\texttt{Dept}) \times \boldsymbol{\rho}_{\texttt{F2}}(\texttt{Finance}) \times \boldsymbol{\rho}_{\texttt{D}}(\texttt{Dept}) \times \boldsymbol{\rho}_{\texttt{F}}(\texttt{Finance})$

Since this is a NOT EXISTS subquery, we decorrelate by means of an antijoin:

$$f_2 := (e_2 \,\overline{\bowtie} \, \pi_{\mathrm{F2.*,F.*}}(e_1))$$

Adding the WHERE and SELECT clauses (with the necessary parameters) gives:

 $e_3 := \boldsymbol{\pi}_{\texttt{D2.floor},\texttt{D.*},\texttt{F.*}} \boldsymbol{\sigma}_{\texttt{D.floor}=\texttt{D2.floor} \land \texttt{F2.did}=\texttt{D2.did}}(f_2)$

Step 6. Translation

((SELECT D2.floor FROM Dept D2, Finance F2
WHERE D.floor = D2.floor AND NOT D2.dname = 'CID')

 $e_4 := \boldsymbol{\pi}_{\texttt{D2.floor},\texttt{D.*}} \boldsymbol{\sigma}_{\texttt{D.floor}=\texttt{D2.floor} \land \texttt{D2.name} \neq'\texttt{CID}'} (\boldsymbol{\rho}_{\texttt{D2}}(\texttt{Dept}) \times \boldsymbol{\rho}_{\texttt{F2}}(\texttt{Finance}) \times \boldsymbol{\rho}_{\texttt{D}}(\texttt{Dept}))$

Step 7. Translation of the union

```
((SELECT D2.floor FROM Dept D2, Finance F2
WHERE D.floor = D2.floor AND NOT D2.dname = 'CID')
UNION
(SELECT D2.floor FROM Dept D2, Finance F2
WHERE D.floor = D2.floor AND F2.did = D2.did
AND NOT EXISTS
(SELECT MAX(F3.expenses))
FROM Finance F3
WHERE F3.budget = F.budget
HAVING MAX(F3.EXPENSES) > F2.EXPENSES)
)
)
```

Notice that the schemas of e_3 and e_4 are not equivalent because they have other context relations. Therefore, to be able to take the union, we have to add the context relation F of e_3 to e_4 .

 $e_5 := \pi_{\texttt{D2.floor},\texttt{D.*},\texttt{F.*}}(e_3) \cup \pi_{\texttt{D2.floor},\texttt{D.*},\texttt{F.*}}(e_4 \times \boldsymbol{\rho}_\texttt{F}(\texttt{Finance}))$

Step 8. Translation of the outermost query

Translation of the From clause yields:

$$e_6 := \boldsymbol{\rho}_{\mathrm{E}}(\mathtt{Emp}) \times \boldsymbol{\rho}_{\mathrm{D}}(\mathtt{Dept}) \times \boldsymbol{\rho}_{\mathrm{F}}(\mathtt{Finance})$$

Since this is a NOT EXISTS subquery, we decorrelate by means of an antijoin:

$$f_7:=e_6 \ \overline{\bowtie} \ \pmb{\pi}_{\mathrm{D.*,F.*}}(e_5)$$

And translate the remaining WHERE and SELECT clauses:

$$e_7 := \boldsymbol{\pi}_{\texttt{F.budget},\texttt{E.eid}}(\boldsymbol{\sigma}_{\texttt{E.did}=\texttt{D.did}\land\texttt{D.did}=\texttt{F.did}\land\texttt{E.hobby}='\texttt{yodeling'}}(f_7))$$

Whole expression:

$$\begin{split} \pi_{\text{F.budget,E.eid}}(\\ \sigma_{\text{E.did}=\text{D.did}\wedge\text{D.did}=\text{F.did}\wedge\text{E.hobby}='\text{yodeling}}(\rho_{\text{E}}(\text{Emp}) \times \rho_{\text{D}}(\text{Dept}) \times \rho_{\text{F}}(\text{Finance}))) \\ & \overrightarrow{\mathsf{M}} \left(\pi_{\text{D.*,F.*}} \sigma_{\text{D.floor}=\text{D2.floor}\wedge\text{D2.name}\neq'\text{CID}'}(\rho_{\text{D2}}(\text{Dept}) \times \rho_{\text{F2}}(\text{Finance}) \\ & \times \rho_{\text{D}}(\text{Dept}) \times \rho_{\text{F}}(\text{Finance})) \\ & \cup \pi_{\text{D.*F.*}} \left((\sigma_{\text{D.floor}=\text{D2.floor}\wedge\text{F2.did}=\text{D2.did}}(\rho_{\text{D2}}(\text{Dept}) \times \rho_{\text{F2}}(\text{Finance}) \\ & \times \rho_{\text{D}}(\text{Dept}) \times \rho_{\text{F}}(\text{Finance})) \right) \\ & \overrightarrow{\mathsf{M}} \left(\pi_{\text{F2.*,F.*}} \sigma_{\text{MAX}(\text{F3.expenses}) > \text{F2.expenses}} \gamma_{\text{MAX}(\text{F3.expenses}),\text{F.*,F2.*}} \\ \sigma_{\text{F3.budget}=\text{F.budget}} \left(\rho_{\text{F}}(\text{Finance}) \times \rho_{\text{F2}}(\text{Finance}) \times \rho_{\text{F3}}(\text{Finance})) \right) \end{split}$$

Step 9. Removal of redundant joins

No atom can be removed from the following maximal subexpressions (why?)

- $\sigma_{\text{E.did}=\text{D.did}\wedge\text{D.did}=\text{F.did}\wedge\text{E.hobby}='yodeling}(\rho_{\text{E}}(\text{Emp}) \times \rho_{\text{D}}(\text{Dept}) \times \rho_{\text{F}}(\text{Finance}))$
- $(\sigma_{\text{D.floor}=\text{D2.floor}\wedge\text{F2.did}=\text{D2.did}}(\rho_{\text{D2}}(\text{Dept}) \times \rho_{\text{F2}}(\text{Finance}) \times \rho_{\text{D}}(\text{Dept}) \times \rho_{\text{F}}(\text{Finance})))$
- $\sigma_{\texttt{F3.budget}=\texttt{F.budget}}(\rho_{\texttt{F}}(\texttt{Finance}) \times \rho_{\texttt{F2}}(\texttt{Finance}) \times \rho_{\texttt{F3}}(\texttt{Finance}))))$

Step 9. Removal of redundant joins

Subexpression

 $\begin{aligned} \pi_{\text{D.*,F.*}} \, \sigma_{\text{D.floor}=\text{D2.floor} \land \text{D2.name} \neq' \text{CID}'}(\rho_{\text{D2}}(\text{Dept}) \times \rho_{\text{F2}}(\text{Finance}) \\ & \times \rho_{\text{D}}(\text{Dept}) \times \rho_{\text{F}}(\text{Finance})) \end{aligned}$

Is not a select-project-join expression, because of the inequality. Therefore, no redundant join can be removed.

Therefore, in this example, no redundant join can be removed.

Step 10. Application of the algebraic laws

$$\begin{split} \pi_{\text{F.budget,E.eid}} & (\pi_{\text{F.*,E.eid}}(\pi_{\text{E.eid,e.did}}\sigma_{\text{E.hobby='yodeling'}}\rho_{\text{E}}(\text{Emp}) \\ & \underset{\text{E.did=D.did}}{\rtimes} \pi_{\text{D.did}}\rho_{\text{D}}(\text{Dept}) & \underset{\text{D.did=F.did}}{\bowtie} \rho_{\text{F}}(\text{Finance}))) \\ & \underset{\text{K}}{\boxtimes} (\pi_{\text{F.*}}(\pi_{\text{D2.floor}}\sigma_{\text{D2.name}\neq'\text{CID'}}\rho_{\text{D2}}(\text{Dept}) \\ & \underset{\text{D.floor=D2.floor}}{\bowtie} \pi_{\text{D.floor}}\rho_{\text{D}}(\text{Dept}) \times \pi\rho_{\text{F2}}(\text{Finance}) \\ & \times \rho_{\text{F}}(\text{Finance})) \\ & \cup \pi_{\text{F.*}}((\pi_{\text{F.*,F2.*}}(\pi_{\text{D.floor}}\rho_{\text{D2}}(\text{Dept}) \underset{\text{D.floor=D2.floor}}{\bowtie} \pi_{\text{D2.floor},\text{D2.did}}\rho_{\text{D}}(\text{Dept}) \\ & \underset{\text{F2.did=D2.did}}{\bowtie} \rho_{\text{F2}}(\text{Finance}) \times \rho_{\text{F}}(\text{Finance})) \\ & \underset{\text{K}}{\boxtimes} (\pi_{\text{F2.*,F.*}}\sigma_{\text{MAX}(\text{F3.expenses}) > \text{F2.expenses}} \gamma_{\text{MAX}(\text{F3.expenses}),\text{F.*,F2.*}} \\ & (\rho_{\text{F}}(\text{Finance}) \underset{\text{F3.budget=F.budget}}{\bowtie} \pi_{\text{F3.budget,F3.expenses}}\rho_{\text{F3}}(\text{Finance}) \times \rho_{\text{F2}}(\text{Finance})))))) \end{split}$$