# Monitoring and Management for Home Data Network

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# Context

## Goal

Query the digital home to: Enhance diagnostics Monitor its usage Assist the device management The solution must be **flexible** and must fit at best to the user's needs

# The Digital Home

Foremost, a network of smart devices Massive producer of data streams

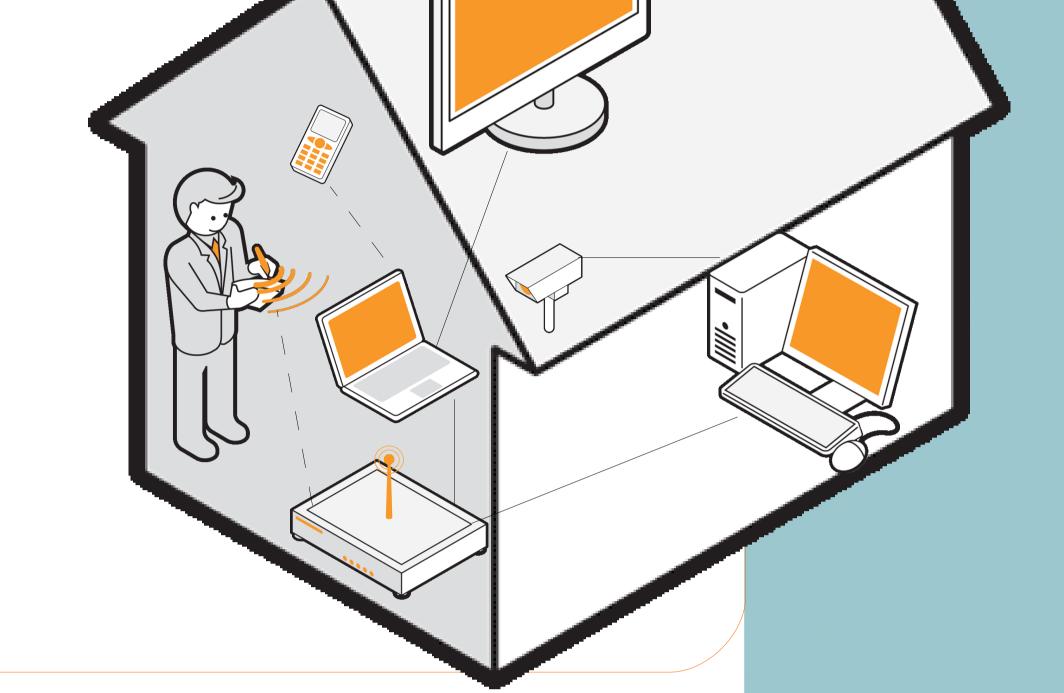
#### Issues

Lots of heterogeneous data streams Streams must be considered as a whole (past, present, future?)

#### Approach

Merge data stream management concepts with traditional DB/DW

- Service uuid:123573 = I'm starting
- Device Gateway = CPU Rate: 62%
- Interface 00:b3:... = IP 192.168.0.2 PacketSent 847452
- Service TV = Quality of Experience 4/5
- Link TV-Gateway = Bandwidth = Used: 12Mbps Available: ~65Mbps
- Service uuid:123723 = I'm stopping
- Device PC = OS Ubuntu SMP Installed softwares = {...}



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# **Query Optimization**

Each continuous query can be decomposed as an algebraic operator tree.

Astral: Mathematical definition of those operators

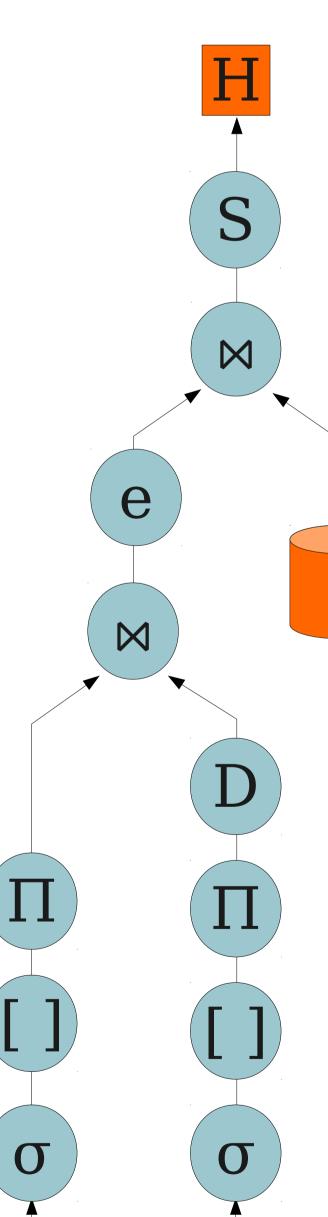
- Clarifies semantics
- Formalizes systems to enable mediation
- Eases coupling with any relational system (DBMS/DWH)
- Is a first step to optimize query plans

# Coupling streams/databases

For some diagnostic applications, a detailled historic is necessary. Its granularity and its usage depends heavily on application needs.

#### **Modeling the Digital Home**

- Create a model that reflects every notions of the digital home.
- Merge knowledge from many domains: hardware, system, networking, software engineering, expert domains



#### **Query sharing**

- Equivalence properties on subtrees yet to be defined.
- Synchronization between two queries started at different timestamps.
- Impact of local reconfigurations.

## **Algebraic Optimization**

Rewriting systems based on algebraic properties: commutativity, associativity, distributivity of operators
Consequences on query sharing

## **Physical Optimization**

- Algorithms and data structures adapted to streams characteristics.
- Rules, yet to be identified.
- Example: How to use index when performing a join on a database

#### **Processing dissemination**

 Some devices are able to perform subclasses of queries

## **Coupling streams/historians**

- Coherence between the structure of streams and the database relations.
- Integration of the normal form notion as well as the concept of keys on a stream.
- <u>Example</u>: What is the stream of bandwidth usage between applications 'Media Server' and 'Media Renderer'? (see figure)

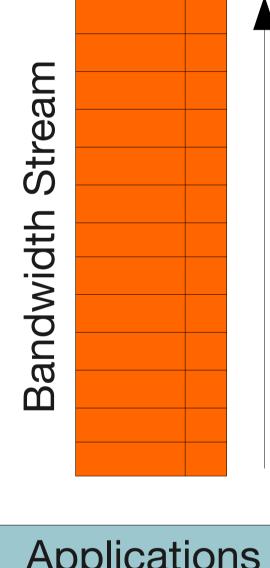
### Historian as a data source

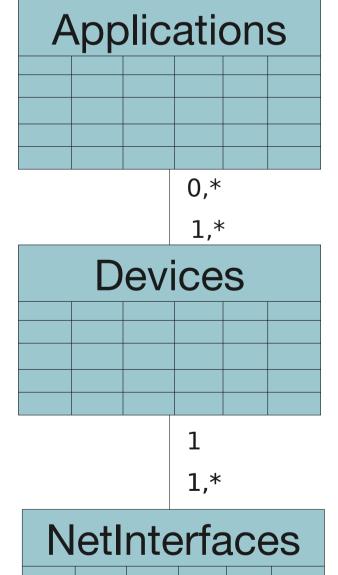
- A data historian can be perceived as a temporal relation for a data stream management system.
- Impacts on ACID properties?
- <u>Applications</u>: Simple identification, behaviour analysis, fraud detection, long complex event processing

#### **Historian management**

Definition of aggregation/deletion rules to manage obsolete data.
Usage of user preferences to fit to the user's needs.

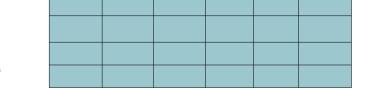
**orange**<sup>TM</sup>







• Trade-off between on-device cost and global optimization to be made



- Astral : Advanced Stream Algebra. http://sigma.imag.fr/astral
- Loic Petit, Claudia Lucia Roncancio and Cyril Labbé, An Algebraic Window Model for Data Stream Management, MobiDE'10: Proceedings of the 9th International ACM Workshop on Data Engineering for Wireless and Mobile Access, Indianapolis, IN, USA, June 2010.
- Levent Gürgen, Claudia Roncancio, Cyril Labbé and Shinichi Honiden. Data management solutions in sensing systems. Wireless Sensor Network Technologies for Information Explosion Era, Studies in Computational Intelligence, Springer'10



eBISS 2011 First European Business Intelligence Summer School July 3-8, 2011. Paris, France